Population Confidence Interval Theory

Overall Theory to Know Moving Forward

A numerical measure of a population is known as						
0						
A numerical descriptive	e measure of a sample is know	n as				
o						
The probability distribution	tion of the statistics constructe	ed from many samples of the				
same size is known as t	he					
	Population Parameter	Sample Statistic				
Mean						
Median						
Variance						
Standard Deviation						
Binomial Proportion						
Confidence Interval Theory to Know						
A number that is calculated from a sample to estimate the target parameter is						
known as the						
The interval of numbers calculated from a sample that contains the target						
parameter is known as the						
The probability that the estimation method will generate a						
	is known as the					
o The most comm	on values used are:					
The complement of the	is	known as the				
o To find this, we u	ıse:					
o The most common values used are:						

• The overall formula for finding Confidence Interval is...

•	The way we solve for the confidence interval depends on the sample size.				
	o	Considered	if both conditions are met and	if 1 or both	
		conditions are not m	net.		
•	Form	ulas to understand:			
	O	Critical Value or	_		
	0	Margin of Error			
	0	Margin of Error For large sam	nnle		
		- Tortarge sam	ipte		
		For small san	nples		
	o	Point Estimate			
		For large sam	nples		
		For small san	nnlos		
		- FOI SITIALL SAIT	npies		
•	Interp	retation Set-up:			
		-			