## **Population Confidence Interval Theory**

## Overall Theory to Know Moving Forward

A numerical measure of a population is known as						
0						
A numerical descriptive	e measure of a sample is know	n as				
O						
The probability distribution	tion of the statistics constructe	ed from many samples of the				
	he					
	Population Parameter	Sample Statistic				
Mean						
Median						
Variance						
Standard Deviation						
Binomial Proportion						
Confidence Interval Theory to Know						
A number that is calculated from a sample to estimate the target parameter is						
known as the						
The interval of numbers calculated from a sample that contains the target						
parameter is known as the						
The probability that the estimation method will generate a						
	is known as the					
o The most comm	on values used are:					
The complement of the	is	known as the				
o To find this, we u	ıse:					
o The most common values used are:						

• The overall formula for finding Confidence Interval is...

•	The way we solve for the confidence interval depends on the sample size.				
	o	Considered	if both conditions are met and	if 1 or both	
		conditions are not m	net.		
•	Form	ulas to understand:			
	O	Critical Value or	_		
	0	Margin of Error			
	0	Margin of Error  For large sam	nnle		
		- Tortarge sam	ipte		
		<ul><li>For small san</li></ul>	nples		
	o	Point Estimate			
		<ul><li>For large sam</li></ul>	nples		
		<ul><li>For small san</li></ul>	nnlos		
		- FOI SITIALL SAIT	npies		
•	Interp	retation Set-up:			
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